(b) if so, whether it is a fact that the proposed regularisation covers hardly 2 per cent bulk drugs, the remaining being the finished formulations; and

(c) what are the names of bulk drugs for which unauthorised production is to be regularised?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) As per available information, the production of bulk drugs listed in the enclosed Statement was considered unauthorised. (See bolw.)

Statement

Sl. No.	*Name of the bulk drug*
1.	Iron Dextran
2.	Dextrans
3.	Ayaluronidase
4.	Liver Concentrate
5.	Diastase
6.	Colloidal Iron
7.	Cinchopham
8.	Phthalyl Sulphacetamide
9.	Nikethamide
10.	Antimony Hexonate
11.	Aluminium Hydroxide Gel
12.	Dichlorohydroxyquinoline
13.	Paracetamol.

Manufacture of exportable drugs

78. SHRI MAHENDRA PRASAD: Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that procedure for grant of manufacturing permission for the exportable drugs has been simplified; if so, what are the details thereof; and

(b) whether delicensing and registration schemes also apply on these drugs?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICALS AND PETRO-CHEMICALS IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (SHRI R. K. JAICHANDRA SINGH): (a) and (b) Under the new Drug Policy recently announced, for export production all companies would have total flexibility to produce any product for export within their existing facilities. They need only inform the Government of the details of such production and export. This policy covers all existing facilities whether set-up under licence, DGTD registration or Delicensing Scheme.

Progress of rural electrification

79. SHRI S. S. AHLUWALIA: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that in order to accelerate the progress of rural electrification pogramme in the country, it would be essential to supplement thermal energy by non-conventional sources of energy;

(b) whether it is a fact that in some of the States some remarkable work has been done in rural areas by providing electricity through this source;

(c) if so, whether the demand gap for power in rural areas of Bihar has been assessed and how much of it can be mopped up through non-conventional sources of energy; and